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**THE ROLE OF THE BATAM STATE PROSECUTOR IN
PROSPECTING THE CASE OF FAKE VACCINE
CERTIFICATES
CASE STUDY CASE NUMBER: 541/PID.B/2021/PN BTM**

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Abstrak

At this time it is not uncommon for people to commit criminal acts, someone committing a criminal act must have certain reasons, for example economic factors accompanied by an element of compulsion. Of the various crimes that occur in society, one of them is the crime of counterfeiting, even today it is often found the crime of counterfeiting in various forms and developments that show the intellectual level of counterfeiting crimes that are increasingly complex. Here the author wants to make how the law enforcement process against criminal cases of falsification of letters, explain what the role of the prosecutor in enforcing the law against the criminal falsification of letters and what the author did during his internship in the batam state prosecutor's office. The author in working on this writing the author uses observation methods that are carried out systematically. In this case, the author visits the observation site to observe various things or conditions that exist at the scene. At the time of the internship in the batam state prosecutor's office, the author can learn how the prosecutors act in resolving the case reported by investigators until the trial process even until the case is broken.

Keywords: *Criminal, Law , Counterfiting, Prosecutor*

Introduction

The Prosecutor's Office of the Republic of Indonesia is a national institution that exercises state power, especially in the field of prosecution. As an agency that is empowered to enforce laws and justice, the Prosecutor's Office is chaired by a state official who is elected by the president and is responsible to the president. State Attorney Officials, Right Pendakwa Officials, and Raya Pendakwa Officials are state power agencies, especially in the field of prosecution as a unit. At this time it is not uncommon for people to commit crimes, someone who commits a crime must have certain reasons, for example economic factors accompanied by an element of compulsion. Of the various kinds of crimes that occur in society, one of which is the crime of counterfeiting, even today, counterfeiting crimes are often found in various forms and developments that show the intellectual level of the crime of counterfeiting which is increasingly complex. The crime of forgery, or the crime of counterfeiting, refers to a crime in which something (object) has an

element that is not true or false, which appears to be true on the surface, but is actually contrary to the facts. In Indonesian criminal law, it is called the crime of counterfeiting, including counterfeiting, currency counterfeiting, brand and stamp forgery, letter forgery, and others. In its development, judging from the various criminal acts of forgery of letters, the development of criminal acts of forgery of letters is very complicated, because if you look at the forged objects, namely in the form of letters, of course they have a wide distance. As authenticity, information is never separated, and is always closely related to people's daily activities. The act of making a fake letter is the act of making a letter that did not previously exist / has never been made, and part or all of its contents are fake. At the same time, forgery refers to any form of behavior in which an existing letter is deleted, altered or replaced to make it different from the original letter. This letter is called a fake letter.

Methods

When doing an internship at the Batam District Attorney, the author was helped by the method of observation which was carried out systematically. In this case, the writer visited the observation location to observe various things or conditions that existed at the scene. By following directly the data search activities needed through observation, the data obtained will be more complete. In addition, the authors routinely carry out all activities in the Batam District Attorney's Office, and through direct observation and interviews, record data on activities that will and have been carried out in the Batam District Attorney's internship environment. Leaders and Staff of the Batam State Prosecutor's Office. Then the data obtained is processed, analyzed descriptively and compared with the literature, then compiled into an internship report. The author's Internship activities are carried out at the Batam District Attorney starting September 1, 2021 to December 3, 2021, and \pm 3 months.

Result and Discussion

The Prosecutor's Office has the authority to prosecute a criminal act, but in carrying out a prosecution there is a process that must be passed before carrying out a prosecution, and also the Prosecutor's Office must complete the administration to make a claim. Before the prosecutor conducts the prosecution there is an investigator's report. The investigator gives the case file to the prosecutor through the PTSP (one-stop integrated service), then the PTSP submits the case file to the general criminal so that it is positioned to the head of the Batam District Attorney then the case file is submitted to the relevant prosecutor for investigation. At this stage the prosecutor must complete the administration by making administration p-21 in the form of p-21 which states if the file is complete and can be continued at the prosecution stage, a checklist in the form of a document containing a checklist column to record whether the completeness of the letter is sufficient or not, p-24 in the form of juridical research documents related to the suspect and the evidence in the case file, and the indictment plan, the file file is called the stage 1 file. After the stage 1 file is declared complete, the stage 1 completeness file is signed by the relevant prosecutor and then given to the general criminal administration and

immediately proceeds to carry out stage 2. The stage 2 implementation process is that the public prosecutor coordinates with investigators to examine the suspect, the suspect is asked what the reason is The suspect is brought before the prosecution? Is it true that the suspect in this case file was made by the suspect?, Is there anything else that the suspect wants to explain? Is the suspect detained in this case? If the suspect is detained, the suspect has been detained since when? Has the suspect been convicted before?. After stage 2 has been carried out, the prosecutor's office prepares the administration for the transfer of the case files to the Batam District Court, the administrative file for the delegation of the case files to the Batam District Court, namely an introduction to the delegation in the form of a letter of introduction for the surrender of the defendant and evidence from the Prosecutor's Office to the District Court, p-31 in the form of a letter from the District Attorney. to the district court to continue the case at the examination stage in the district court, p-33 in the form of a receipt for the surrender of the defendant and case files from the district attorney to the district court, p-34 in the form of a receipt for the submission of evidence from the district attorney to the district court and a letter The indictment is in the form of a juridical research document related to the suspect and evidence in the case file. Which is then handed over to the relevant prosecutor to be signed and then handed back to the general criminal secretariat to be signed by the head of the general crime section and numbered and inputted into the batam state prosecutor's system. Then after the completeness of the p-31 has been signed and returned to the relevant prosecutor. The Prosecutor's Office has transferred the case files and other equipment to the Batam District Court to obtain a trial determination. After the court decision has been notified, the prosecutor's office shall issue a summons for the witnesses who are summoned to appear at the trial to testify. In the prosecution stage in the trial, the prosecutor makes a demand to input the identity of the defendant, include the indictment, input the testimony of witnesses/experts and the defendant, input the criminal provisions imposed and the status of the evidence according to the direction of the public prosecutor. After the case is terminated, make a p-44 file in the form of a report after reading the verdict by the panel of judges to the head of the district attorney for follow-up on the related case, then submit it to the relevant prosecutor for signature then submit it to general criminal administration to be reported and signed by the head of the crime section general criminal offenses and the head of the Batam District Attorney's Office in order to obtain follow-up on cases related to whether an appeal is made or an immediate execution is carried out. Submit the case file and related administration to the execution department so that the defendant and the evidence are executed. As long as the authors carry out internship activities, the authors want to discuss 1 criminal case, namely the crime of forgery of letters, forgery committed by the defendant, namely falsifying vaccine certificates with case number 541/Pid.B/2021/PN.Btm. Based on the description of the case above, in resolving the case above, the author's role in helping to investigate the case, namely, the author was assigned by the prosecutor to make p-21, p-24, checklists and indictment plans, the author was given direction by the prosecutor to make the administrative file after the author made the fourth file the author submitted the file to the

prosecutor to be corrected whether the file is correct, if it is correct the administrative file is signed by the relevant prosecutor.

The next task that the author does in this crime is the author makes a complete letter to prepare the administration of the delegation of case files to the Batam district court, the author is assigned by the prosecutor to make a cover letter for the delegation, p-31, p-33, p-34 then submitted to the relevant prosecutor to be signed and then handed back to the general criminal secretariat to be signed by the head of the general crime section and numbered and inputted into the batam state prosecutor's system. After that, the author was assigned to delegate the case files and other equipment to the Batam District Court to obtain a trial determination.

At the time of the agenda for the summoning of witnesses, the writer was assigned to make summons for the witnesses who were summoned to be present at the trial to provide statements. In the agenda of the prosecution, the writer is assigned to make a letter of indictment, the indictment is in the form of inputting the identity of the defendant, listing the charges, inputting the statements of witnesses/experts and the defendant, inputting the criminal provisions imposed and the status of the evidence according to the direction of the public prosecutor. After the case is terminated, the writer is assigned to make a p-44 file in the form of a report after reading the verdict by the panel of judges to the head of the district attorney for follow-up on the related case, then submitted to the relevant prosecutor to be signed then submitted to general criminal administration to be reported and signed by the head of the general crime section and the head of the Batam District Attorney's Office in order to obtain follow-up on cases related to whether an appeal is made or an immediate execution is carried out. After all these things are fulfilled, the writer submits the case file and administration related to the crime to the execution section so that the defendant and the evidence are executed.

Conclusions

During the internship activities at the Batam State Attorney's Office, the author was able to learn how prosecutors acted in resolving cases reported by investigators up to the trial process and even until the case was terminated. What are the contents of the case file provided by the investigator to the prosecutor's office, how the prosecutor responds to the case file provided by the investigator, what administration must be completed in responding to the file. What are the activities of the prosecutor in the field then and how to proceed in court as a prosecutor. And the author can learn how to make administrative files for completing stage 1, stage 2, delegating letters, summons for witnesses and letters of claim. In addition, the author is also invited to see firsthand how the trial process is directly, our job is to observe and examine how the trial process runs. And also the author learns about analyzing the elements in the article associated with a criminal act about how legal principles are used for the application of the law on the occurrence of a crime. The author advises students, especially law faculty students, to try to do internships at the attorney general's office, the internship activities at the state attorney's office of Batam have many benefits ranging from experience related to theory and practice being a prosecutor, of course adding relationships, and adding friends.

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